

**Beam Commissioning  
of J-PARC MR  
after its high-repetition rate upgrade**

**Yoichi Sato (KEK/J-PARC)  
on behalf of J-PARC MR Accelerator Group  
HB2023, 09-October-2023, 11:05 – 11:30**

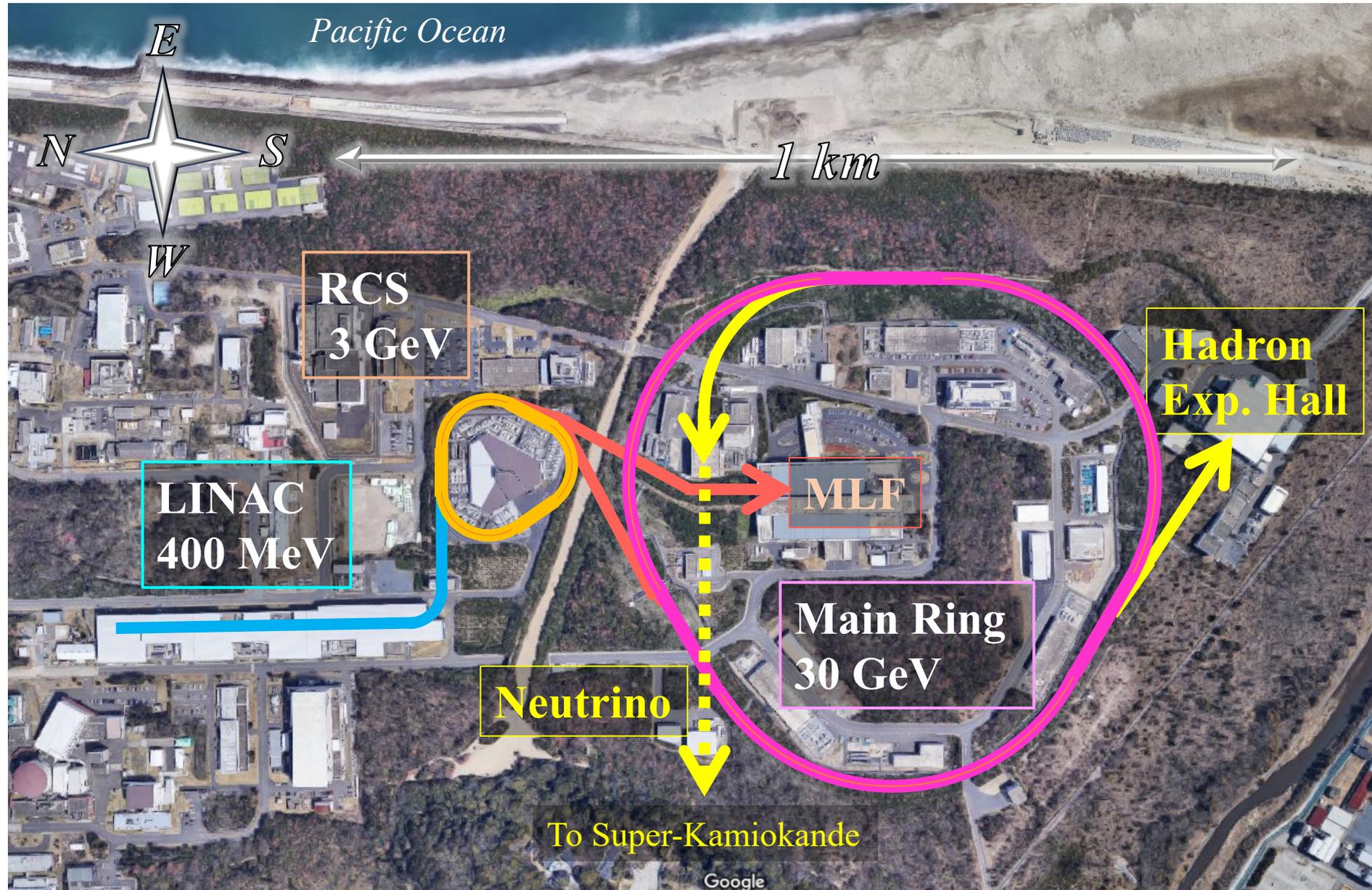
# Outline

- **Introduction & MR Upgrade Plan**
- **Keys of Beam Tunings in FX operation**
- **Achievement of FX 750 kW (original design power)**
- **Future Plans**
- **SX operation**
- **Summary**

# Japan Proton Accelerator Research Complex

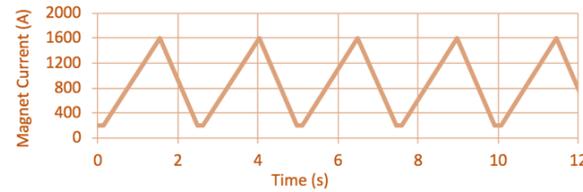
Operated by  
Japan Atomic Energy Agency  
(JAEA)  
and  
High Energy Accelerator  
Research Organization  
(KEK)

- Tokai, Ibaraki, Japan
- High Intensity Proton Accelerators
- Facilities to use the secondary beams

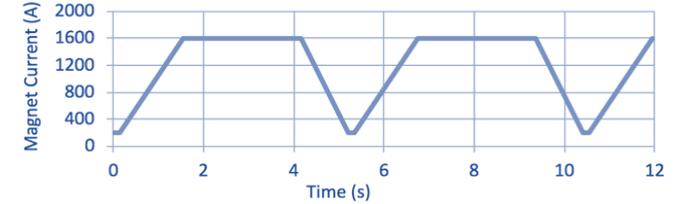


# Main Parameters of MR

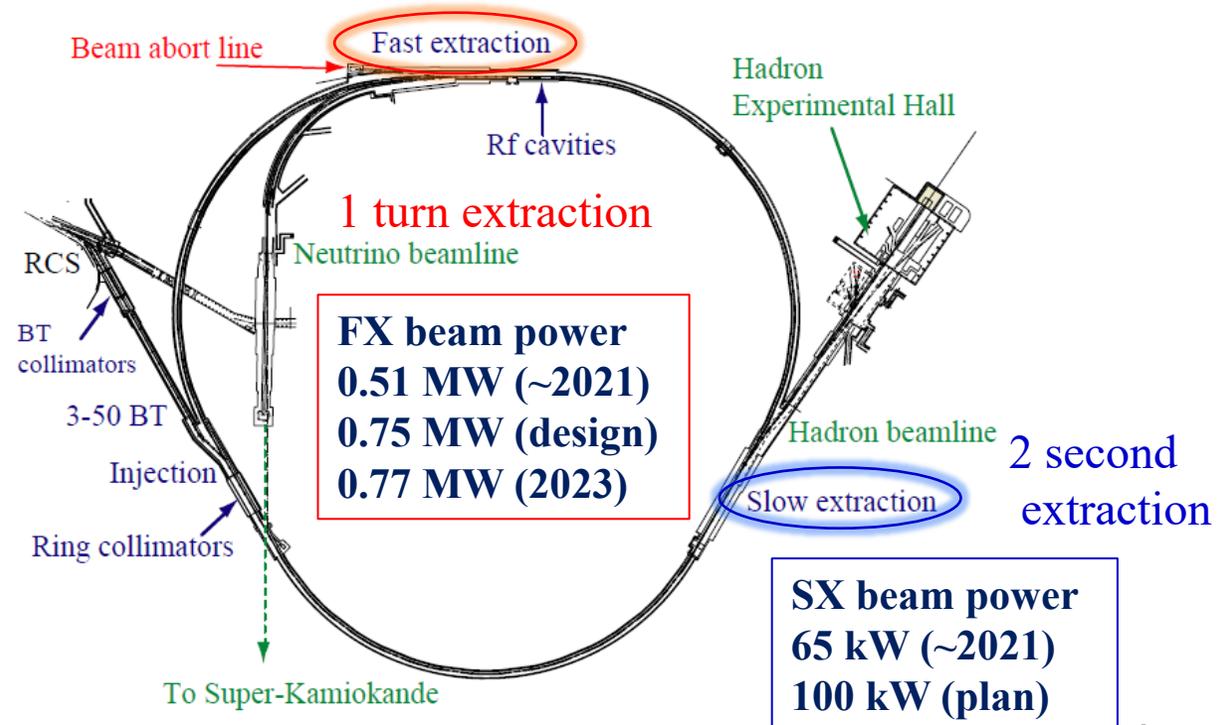
<b>Circumference</b>	<b>1567.5 m</b>
<b>Injection energy</b>	<b>3 GeV</b>
<b>Extraction energy</b>	<b>30 GeV</b>
<b>Super-periodicity</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>harmonic</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>Number of bunches</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>Physical Aperture</b>	<b><math>81\pi</math> mm-mrad</b>
<b>Ring Collimator</b>	<b><math>54-70 \pi</math> mmmrad</b>
<b>Transverse emittance</b>	
<b>At injection</b>	<b><math>54\pi</math> mm-mrad</b>
<b>At extraction</b>	<b><math>10\pi</math> mm-mrad (30 GeV)</b>



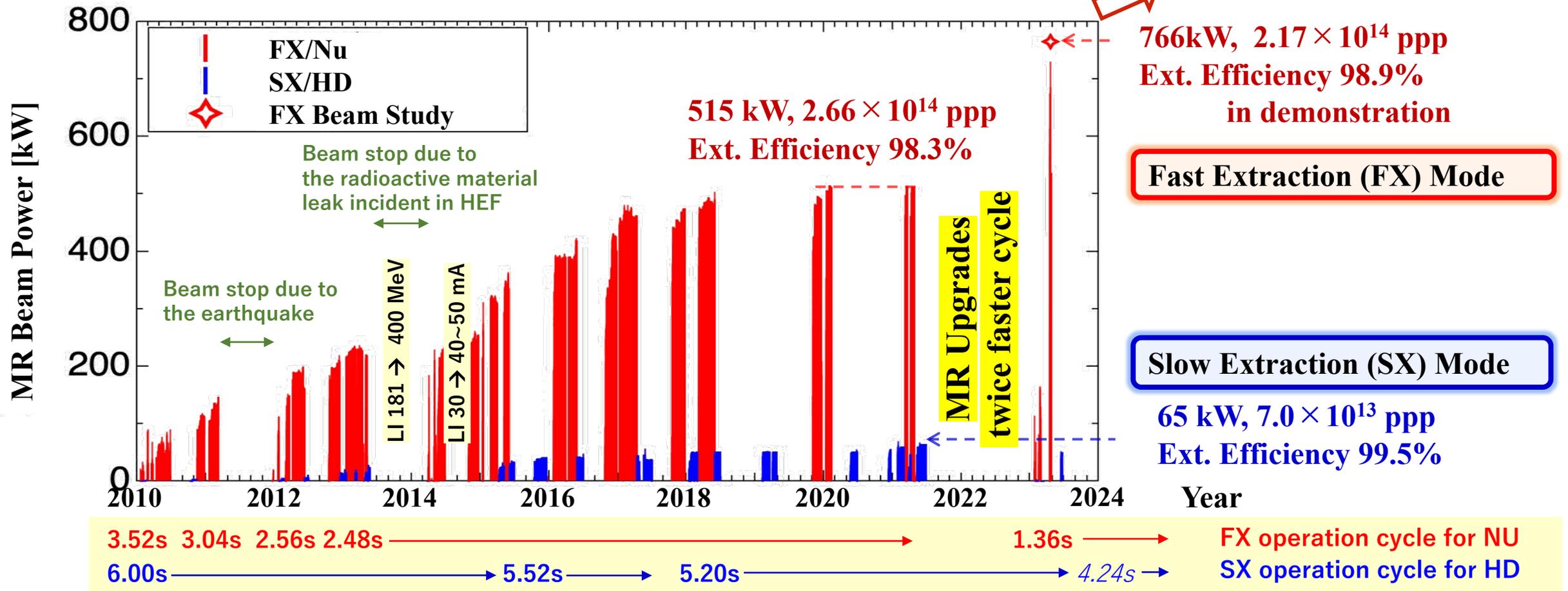
**Fast Extraction (FX) mode**  
in 2.48 s cycle (~2021)  
in 1.36 s cycle (2023)



**Slow Extraction (SX) mode**  
in 5.20 s cycle (~2023)  
in 4.24 s cycle (2024)



# Power Trend of MR



Since 2010, the beam power of MR has been increased by Faster cycle, Space charge mitigation, Optics improvements, and Hardware enhancement associated with them.

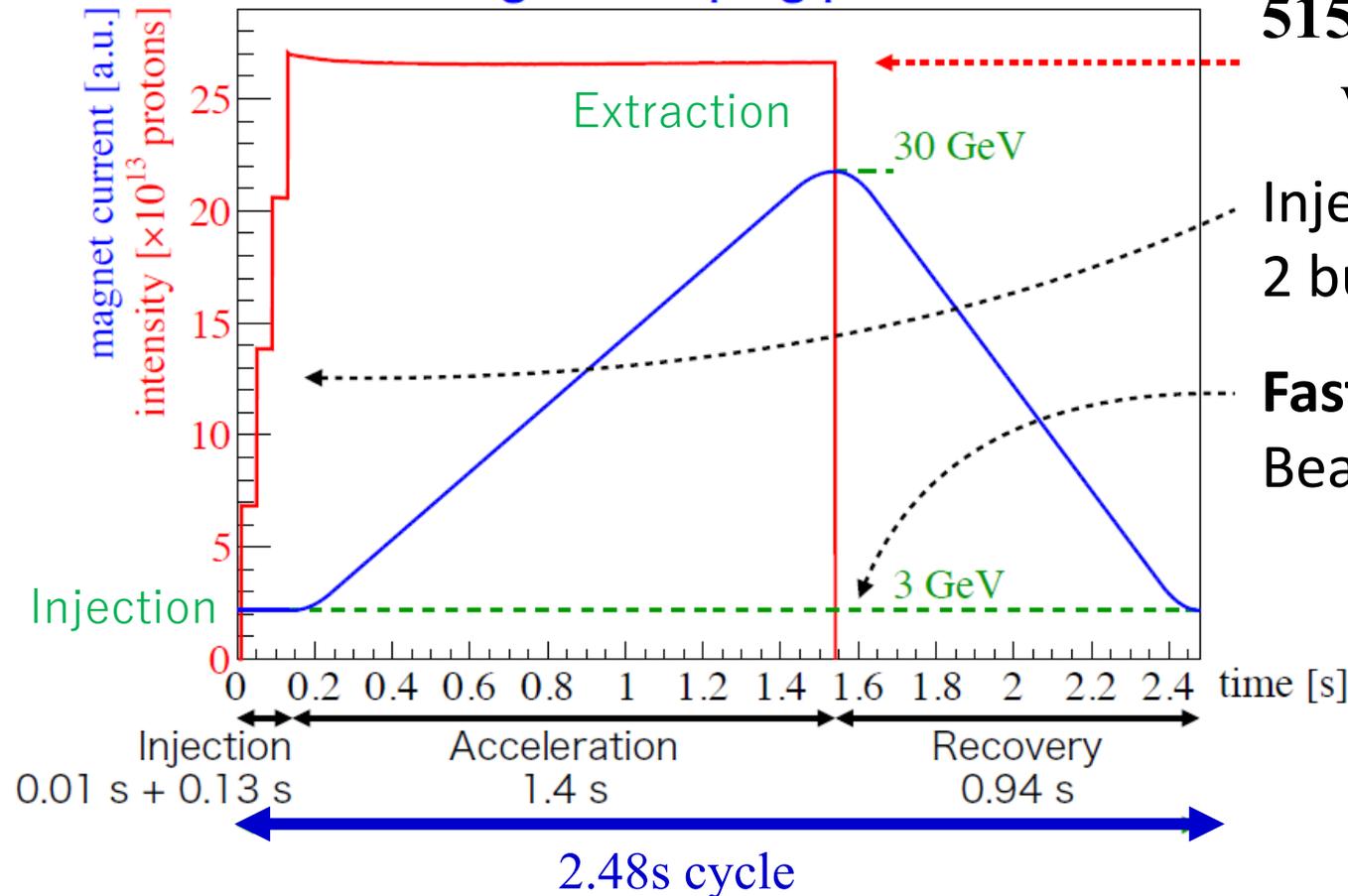
# Typical Operation of MR FX (by 2021)

$$\text{Beam Power} = \text{Energy (30 GeV)} \times 1/T_{\text{rep}} \text{ (pulse/s)} \times \# \text{ of protons (/pulse)}$$

JFY2021	<b>515 kW</b>	2.48 s	$2.66 \times 10^{14}$ ppp
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Beam intensity by 2021 (measured by DCCT)

Magnet ramping pattern



**515 kW** ( $2.66 \times 10^{14}$  ppp in 2.48s cycle)  
with beam loss  $\sim 800$  W

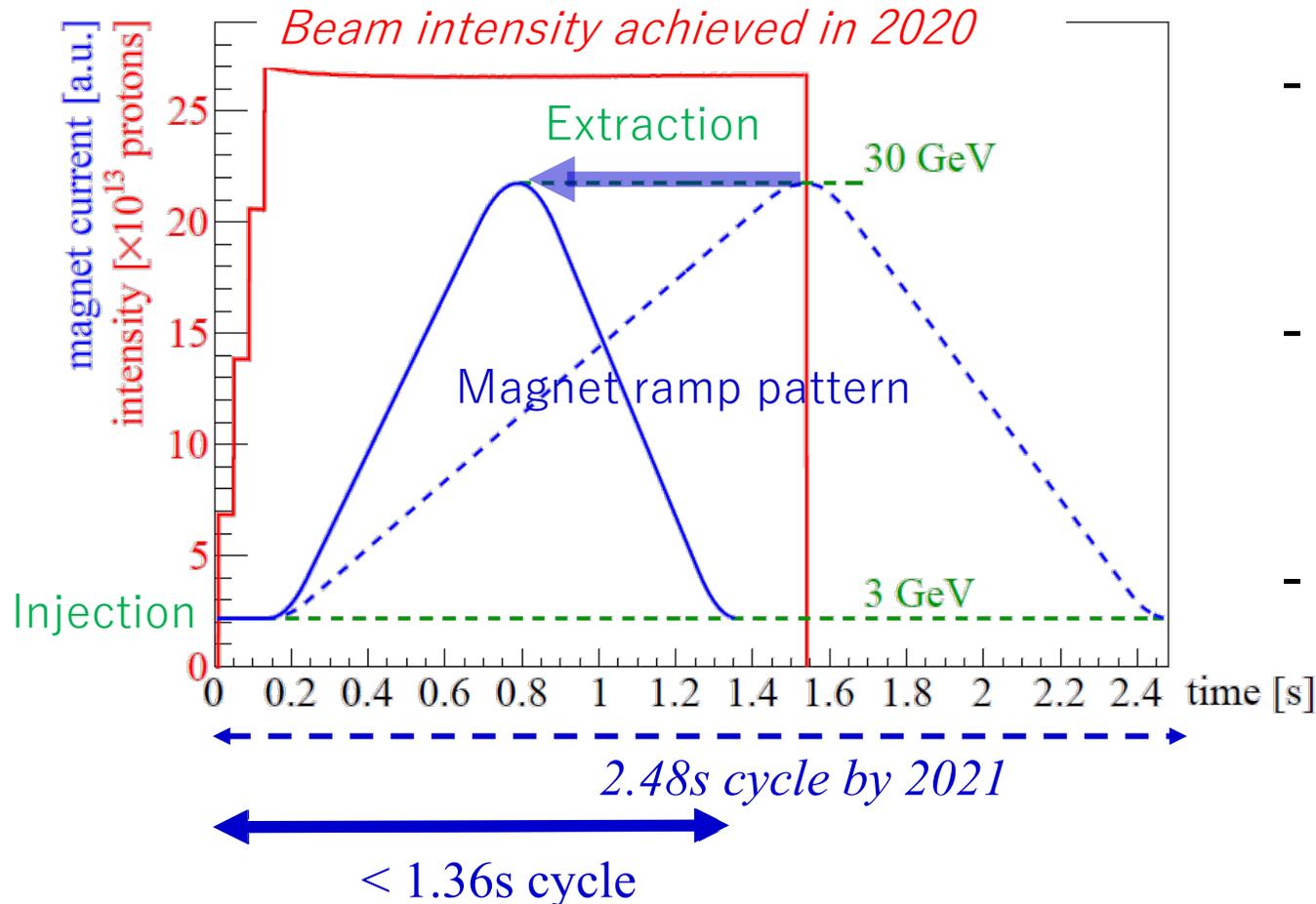
Injection:  
2 bunches  $\times$  4 times

**Fast extraction (FX)**  
Beams are extracted in one turn

# Upgrade plan of MR FX (2023~)

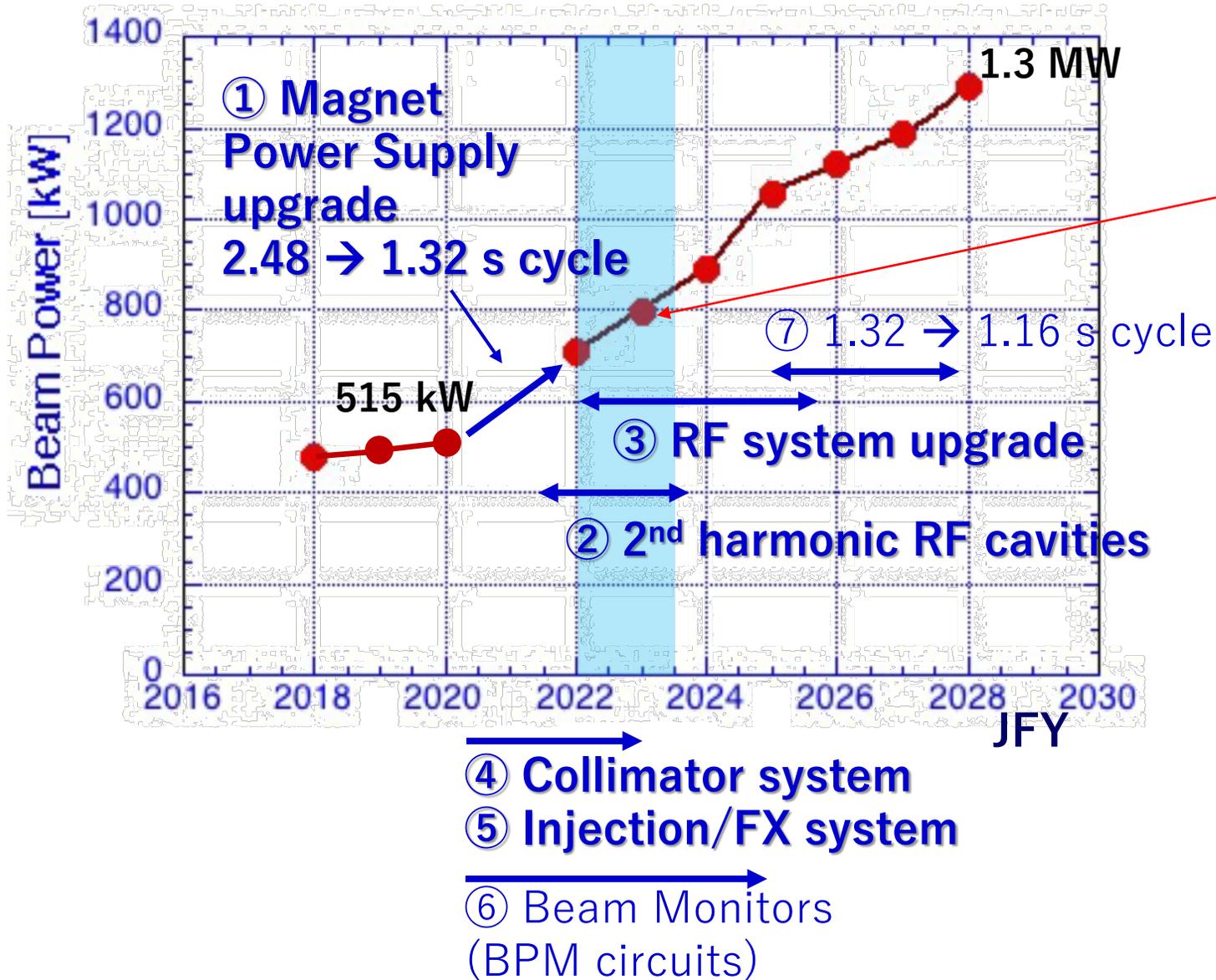
$$\text{Beam Power} = \text{Energy (30GeV)} \times 1/T_{\text{rep}} \text{ (pulse/s)} \times \# \text{ of protons (/pulse)}$$

JFY2021	<b>515 kW</b>	2.48 s	$2.66 \times 10^{14}$ ppp
JFY 202*	<b>&gt; 940 kW</b>	<b>&lt; 1.36 s</b>	$2.66 \times 10^{14}$ ppp



- In 2021 -2022, MR major components (RF /Magnet / Injection&FX / ...) were upgraded for **Twice Faster cycle**.
- We are in the way to reproduce *the 2021-Beam-Optics* first, and to make further upgrades.
- In 2023 beam study, we achieved **FX 766 kW eq.**  
 **$2.17 \times 10^{14}$  protons per pulse**  
**in 1.36 s cycle**

# Power Projection in MR Upgrade Plan



In Spring 2023, beam studies were performed:

- Optics correction
- Tune Tracking
- Collimator balancing

Successful demonstration  
MR-FX 30 GeV  
766 kW eq. in 1.36 s cycle

Ready for  
750 kW in user operation

# Keys of Beam Tunings in FX operation

## 3-fold Symmetry in Optics

- Quadrupole magnets
- Bending magnets
- Leakage field from FX Septum magnets

# Magnet Power Supply (PS) Upgrades

Twice faster cycle → Twice Voltage at Mag PS.

Y. Morita *et. al.*, WEPM082, IPAC'23

$$V = L_{\text{mag}} \frac{dI_{\text{mag}}}{dt} + R_{\text{mag}} I_{\text{mag}}$$



New BM-PS

- **New Power Supplies**

**6 BM-PSs**, **4 QM-PSs**, 2 SM-PSs

1 Main-Bending-Magnet-family is operated by **6 BM-PSs (not in series)**

- **Reuse Original Power Supplies**

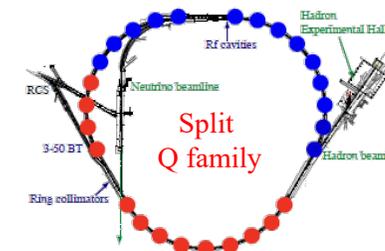
Re-cabled Quadrupole Magnet Power Supplies

7 Quadrupole-Magnet-families are operated by 12 QM-PSs :

**2 QM-PSs + Paired-10-QM-PSs (5 “Pairs”)**

“Pair” = 1 Magnet-family operated by 2 PSs

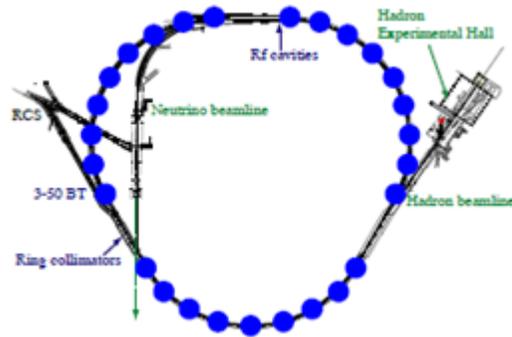
MR has **5-Split-Q-families** after the upgrade.



Adjust **BM-PSs and Paired-QM-PSs** to avoid Broken Symmetry enhancing resonance effects.

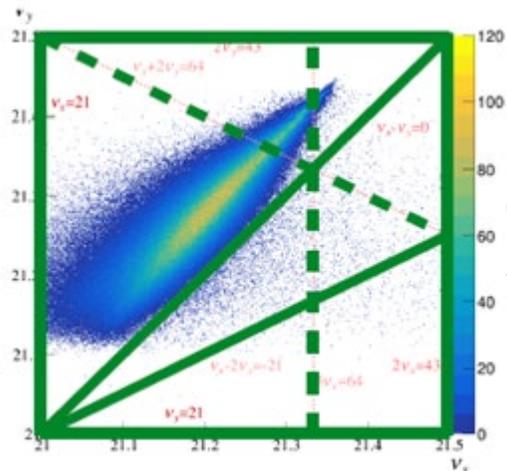
# ✓ Asymmetric cabling of Split-Quad-Magnet-family to Paired-QM-PSs

## Before Upgrade



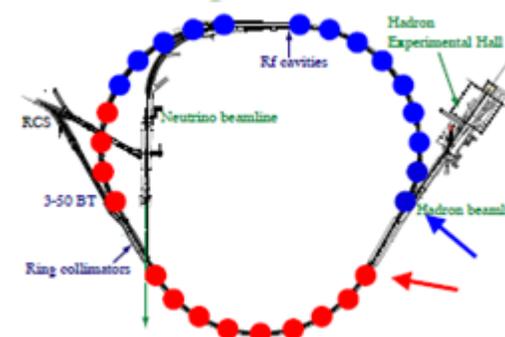
Example of Quadrupole family (QDX)

Every Quadrupole-Magnet-family operated by 1 QM-PSs



Green lines: Strong resonances

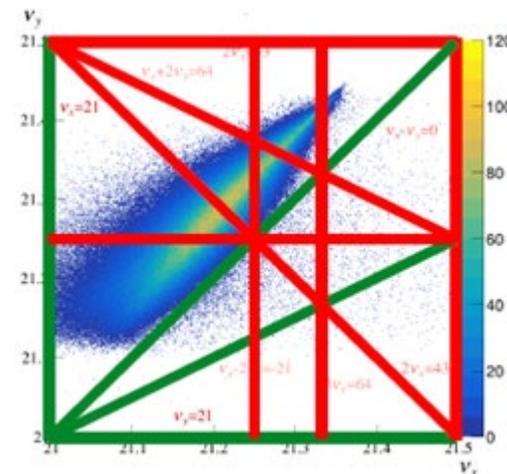
## After Upgrade



QDX family was split!

Ramped by different PSs

Need to Adjust the different PSs (paired)



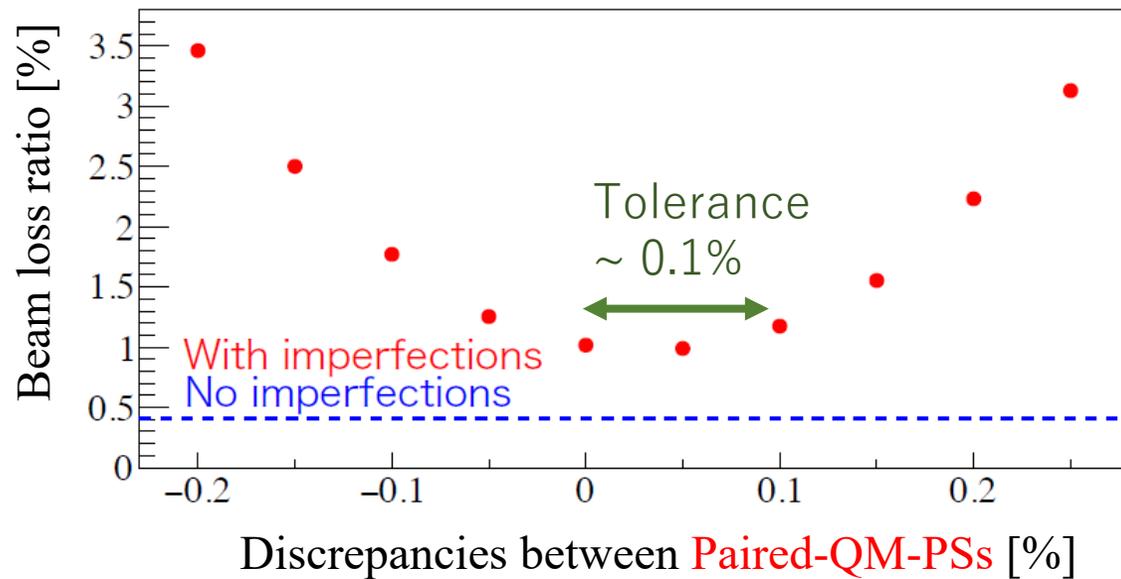
Red lines: Reinforced or newly appeared resonances

# ✓ Asymmetric cabling of Split-Quad-Magnet-family to Paired-QM-PSs

## Tolerance in Discrepancies

Tracking simulations for beam loss during injection period

- Beam intensity :  $3.3 \times 10^{13}$  ppb



Ripple of QM-PSs ~ 0.01%

Discrepancies between the pair of power supplies for each Quadrupole family cause serious beam loss.

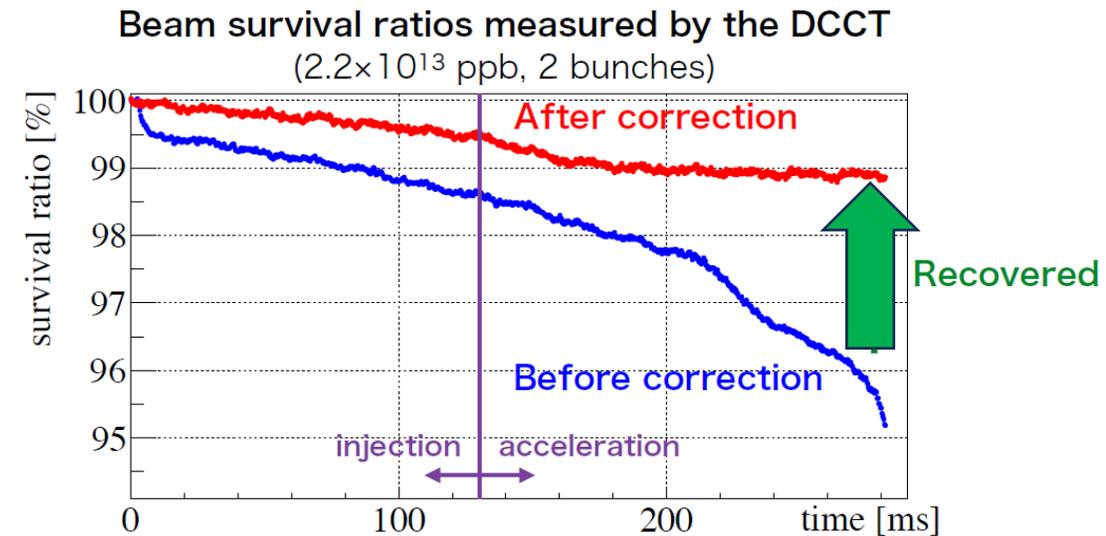
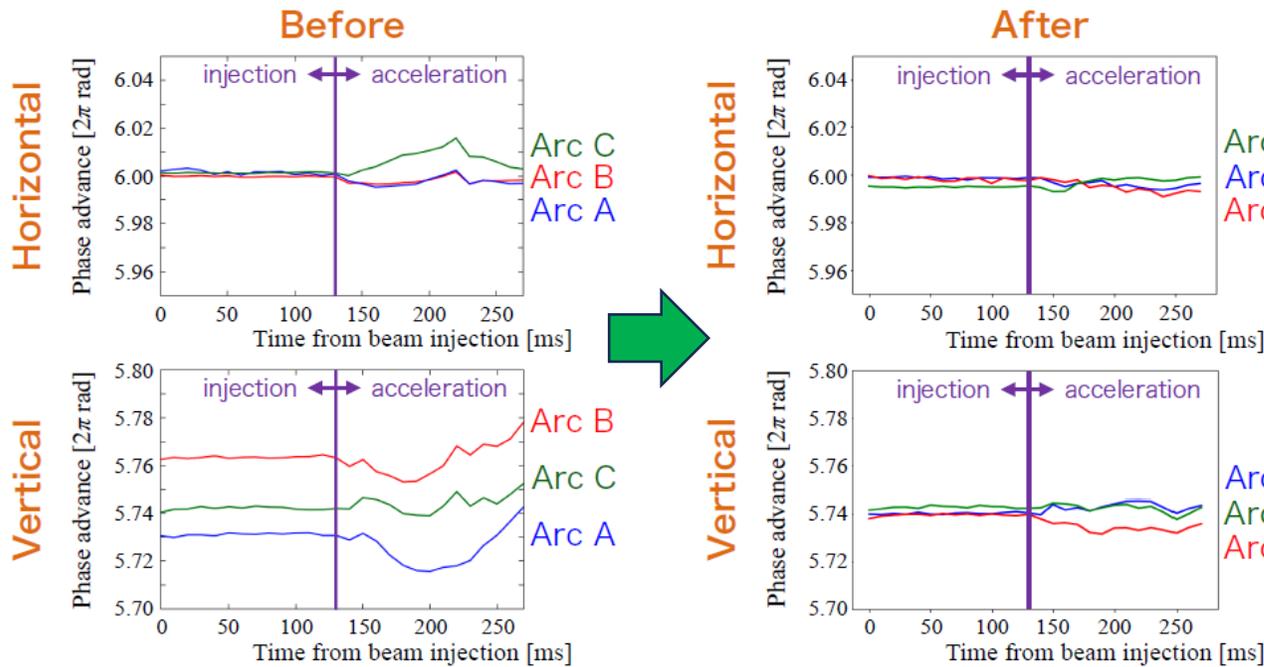
→ 0.1% Tolerance in discrepancies

→ Remaining sources of beam losses are expected from

magnet imperfections and space charge effects

# ✓ Asymmetric cabling of Split-Quad-Magnet-family to Paired-QM-PSs

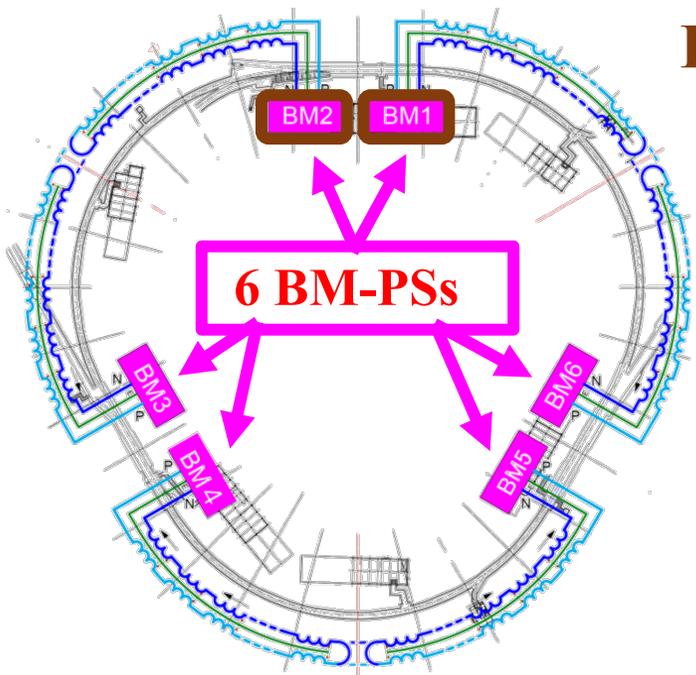
➔ Optics correction for the quadrupoles observing the 3-fold symmetry in phase advances



# ✓ Separate cabling of 96 Main Bending Magnets in 6 BM-PSs

We are **on the way of commissioning of the BM-PSs.**

In Spring 2023, we performed beam tunings managing the effect of **Low freq. ripples of 2 BM-PSs**, which harmed Optics Symmetry.



Effects of BM-PSs and QM-PSs in half-Arcs  
 $(\Delta K_1 \cdot L)_{\text{Half-Arc}} \quad [10^{-4}/\text{m}]$

BM1	BM2	BM3	BM4	BM5	BM6
4.6	4.2	1.3	1.8	1.0	1.7

Quad imperfections	Quad ripples
2.2 (average)	0.6 (average)

## How BM-PS Balance affects on Arc Phases

$$\Delta x = \eta_x \frac{\Delta B}{B}, \quad |\Delta K_1| = |K_2 \Delta x|$$

↓ dispersion
↓ sext. field

In this Fall, we will perform beam tunings with **best parameters of ALL 6 BM-PSs.**

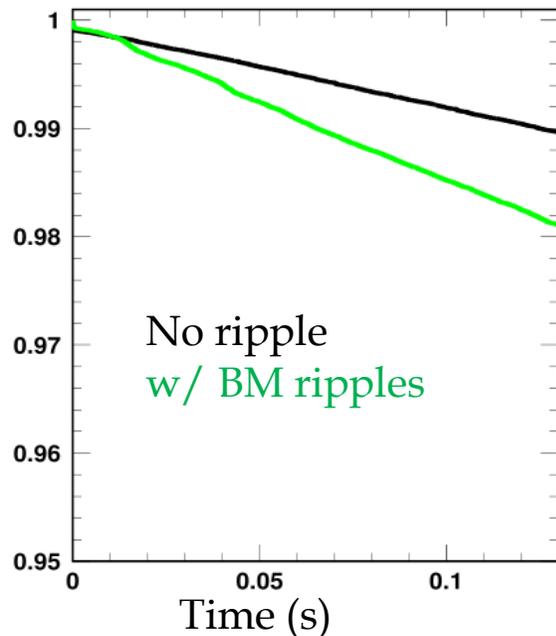
# ✓ Separate cabling of 96 Main Bending Magnets in 6 BM-PSs

## Effect of the Low freq. ripples of 2 BM-PSs

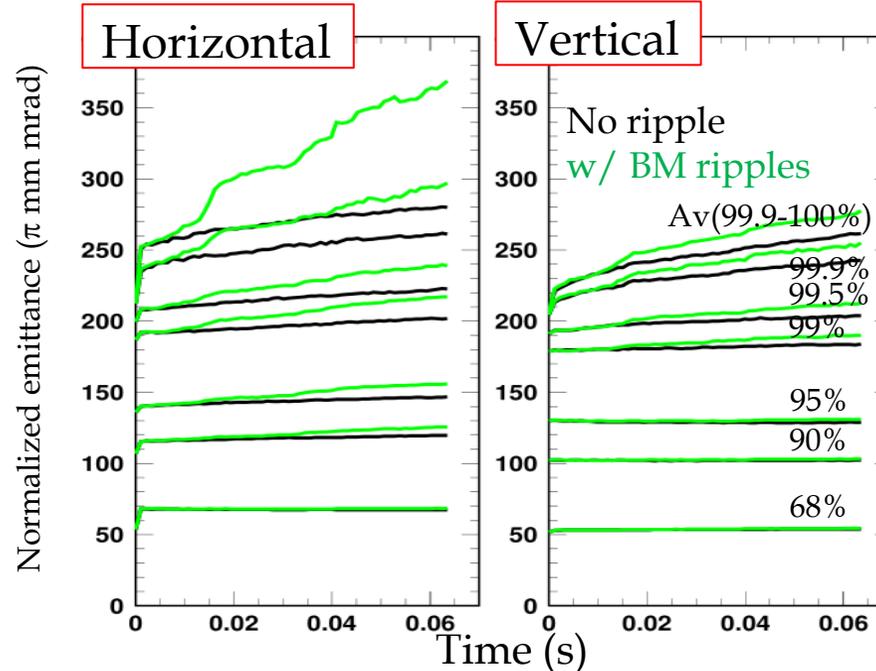
Tracking simulation suggests that these ripples enlarge the horizontal beam halos.

Tracking simulations (Beam intensity :  $4.1 \times 10^{13}$  ppb)

**Survival**



**Emittance Growth**



H. Hotchi

In Spring 2023,  
we handled the effect  
by tune tracking.

In this Fall, we will perform  
beam tunings with  
the best parameters for  
ALL 6 BM-PSs.

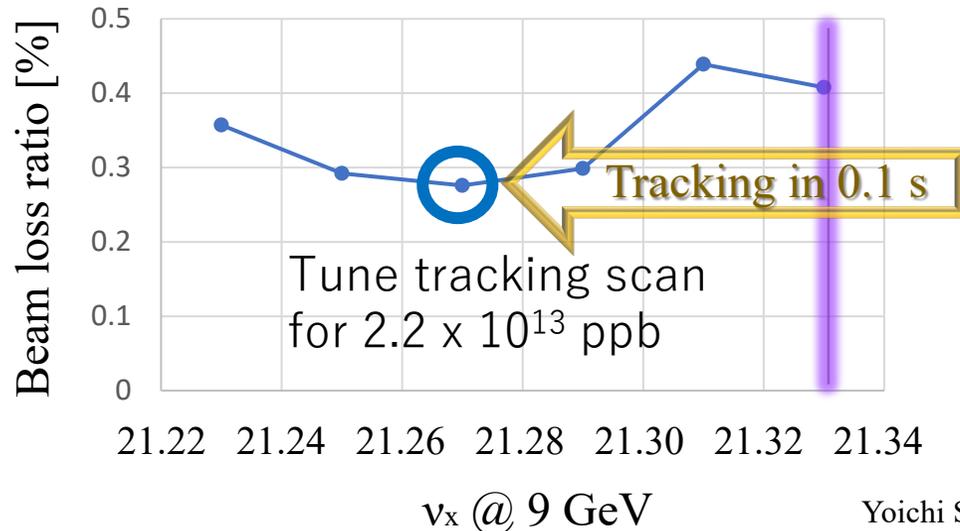
# ✓ Separate cabling of 96 Main Bending Magnets in 6 BM-PSs

## Measures to Effect of the Low freq. ripples of 2 BM-PSs

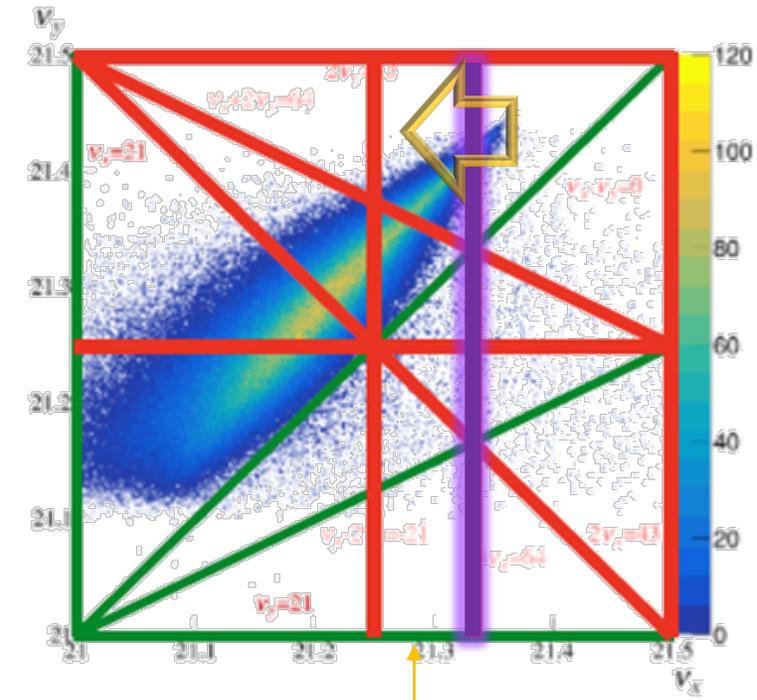
FX best operation point is  $(v_x, v_y) = (21.35, 21.41)$  at 3 GeV.  
The  $v_x = 21.33$  is corrected with trim-sextupoles below 6 GeV,  
but the resonance effect was severe in Spring 2023.

→ We adopt tune tracking

$$v_x = 21.35 @ < 4 \text{ GeV} \Rightarrow 21.27 @ 9 \text{ GeV}$$



Cross  $v_x = 21.33$  quickly  
at the beginning of acceleration.

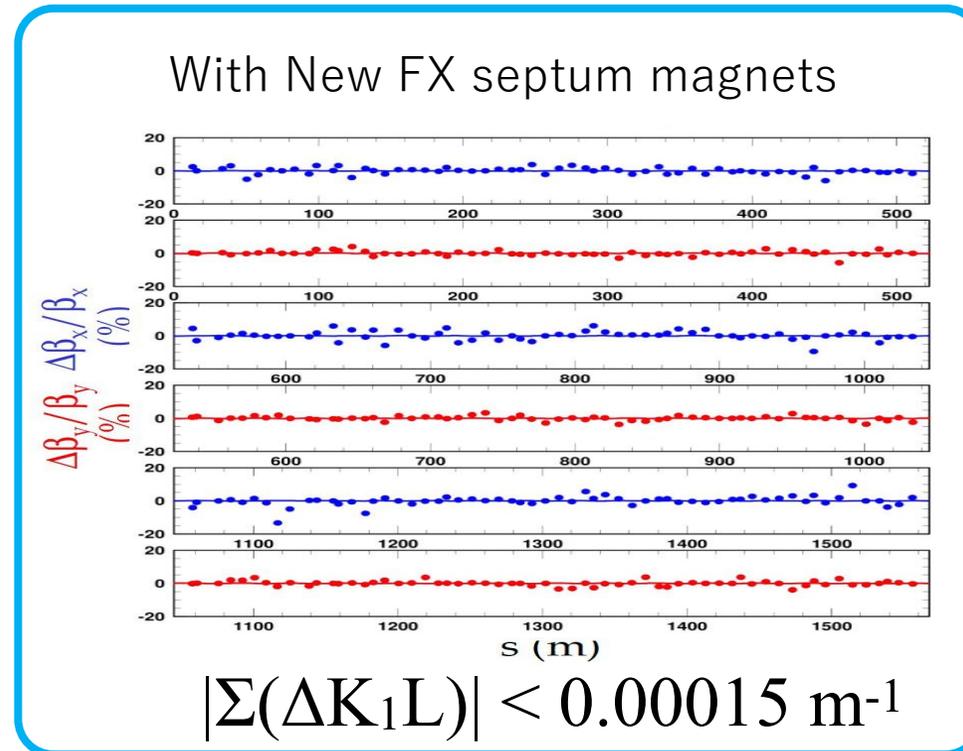
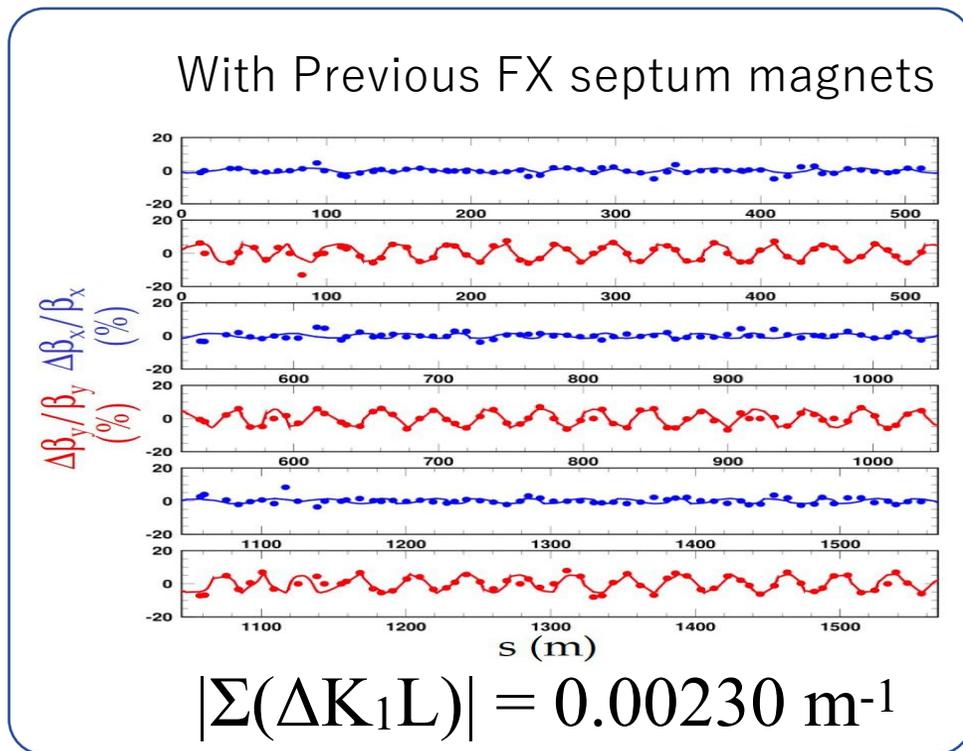


$v_x = 21.27$  is more stable for  
broken symmetry in horizontal

# ✓ Leakage field from FX Septum magnets

FX septum magnets were replaced to new magnets in the MR upgrade.

- New features: Less Impedance, Larger Aperture, and **Less Quadrupole Leakage Field.**
- Beta measurements revealed that
  - Previous FX septum magnets had serious leakage field and caused optics modulation.
  - New FX septum magnets have 10 times smaller leakage field.



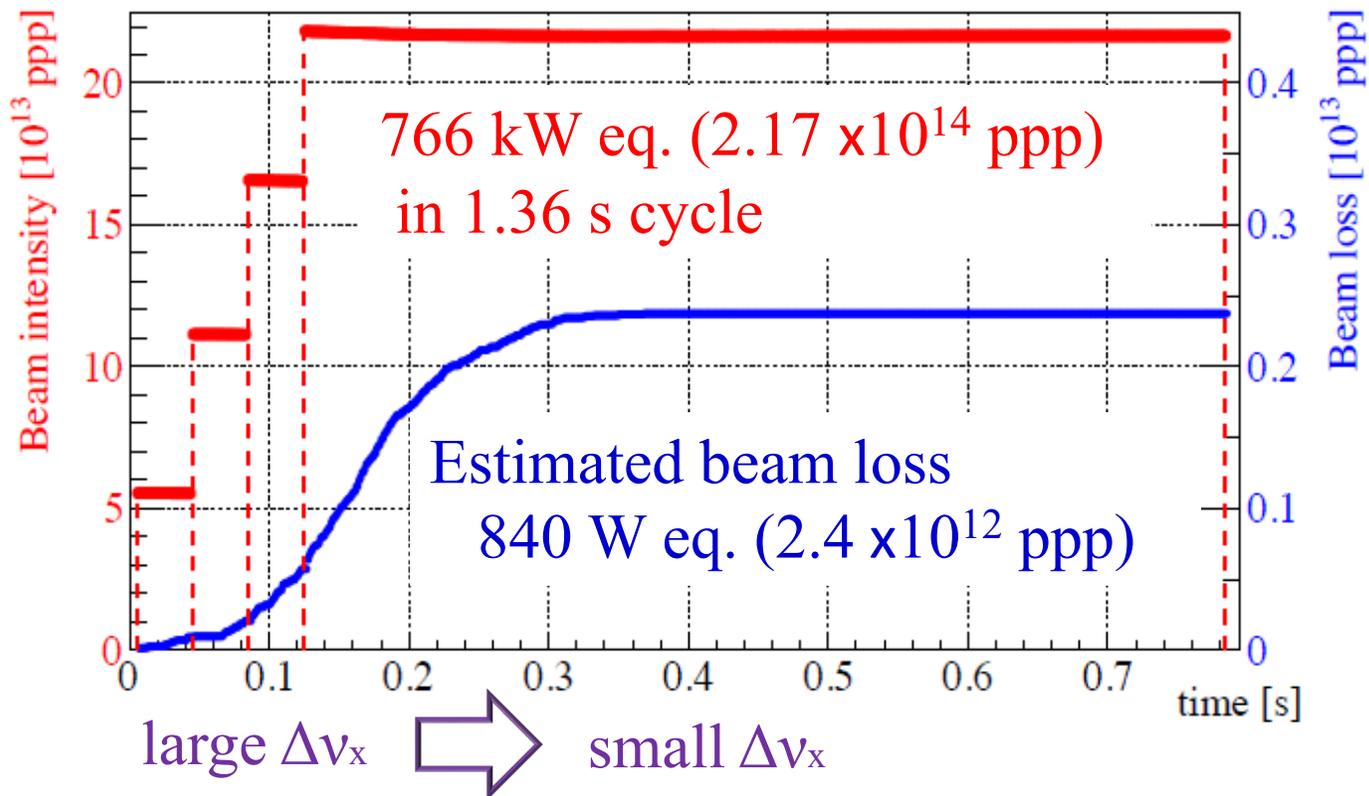
T. Shibata, *et. al.*,  
TUPM103, IPAC'23

# **Achievement of FX 750 kW (original design power)**

# Achievement of MR FX-ABD 750 kW eq.

In April 2023 we demonstrated FX 766 kW in 30GeV successfully

Beam intensity and beam loss estimated by the DCCT



To reduce the effect of the resonance lines, we performed

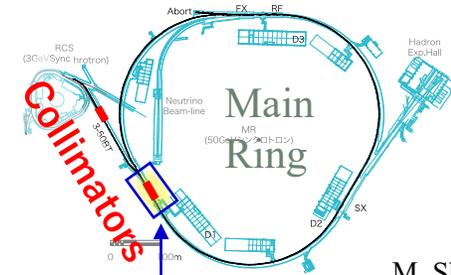
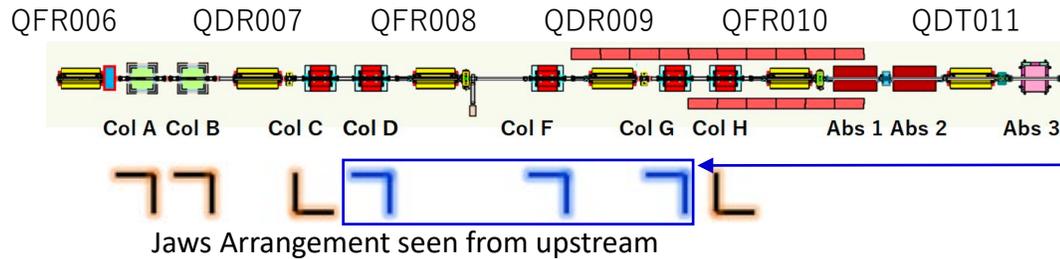
- ✓ Optics correction to make fine balancing the pair-QM-PSs
- ✓ Tune tracking at the beginning of acceleration to cross  $v_x = 21.33$  quickly

In this Fall we expect to reduce the beam loss 20%, after **completing BM-PS commissioning**.  
Beam loss distribution is to be optimized for user operation.

# Collimator System Upgrades

✓ **More Collimator Capacity**  
2021: 2.0 kW → 2023~: 3.5 kW

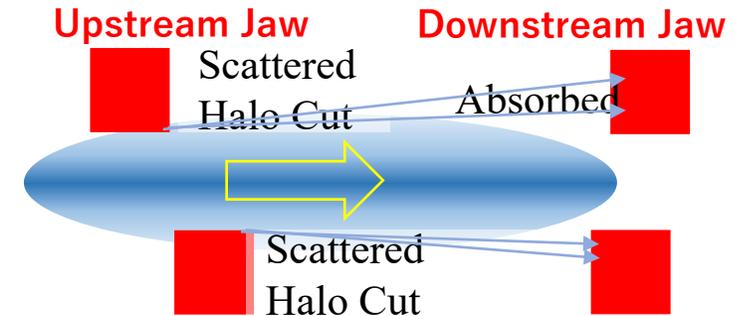
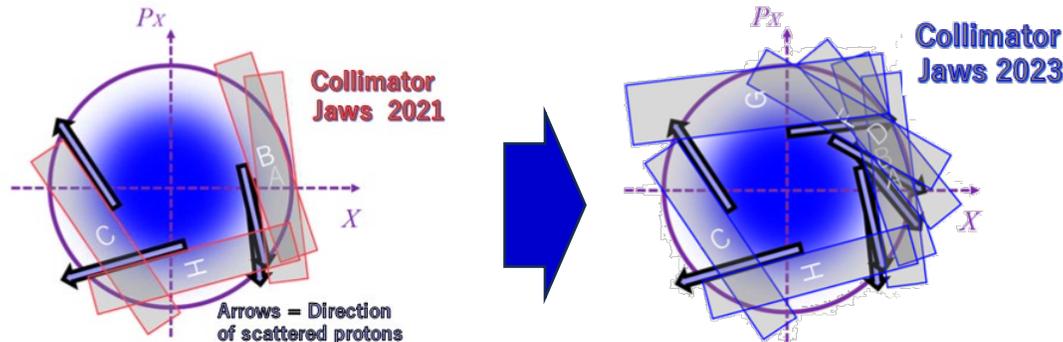
M. Shirakata *et. al.*,  
Proc HB2016, p543



**New Collimators**  
D: Fall 2022  
F: Summer 2023  
G: Fall 2022

M. Shirakata  
M. Uota  
K. Kadowaki  
T. Sasaki

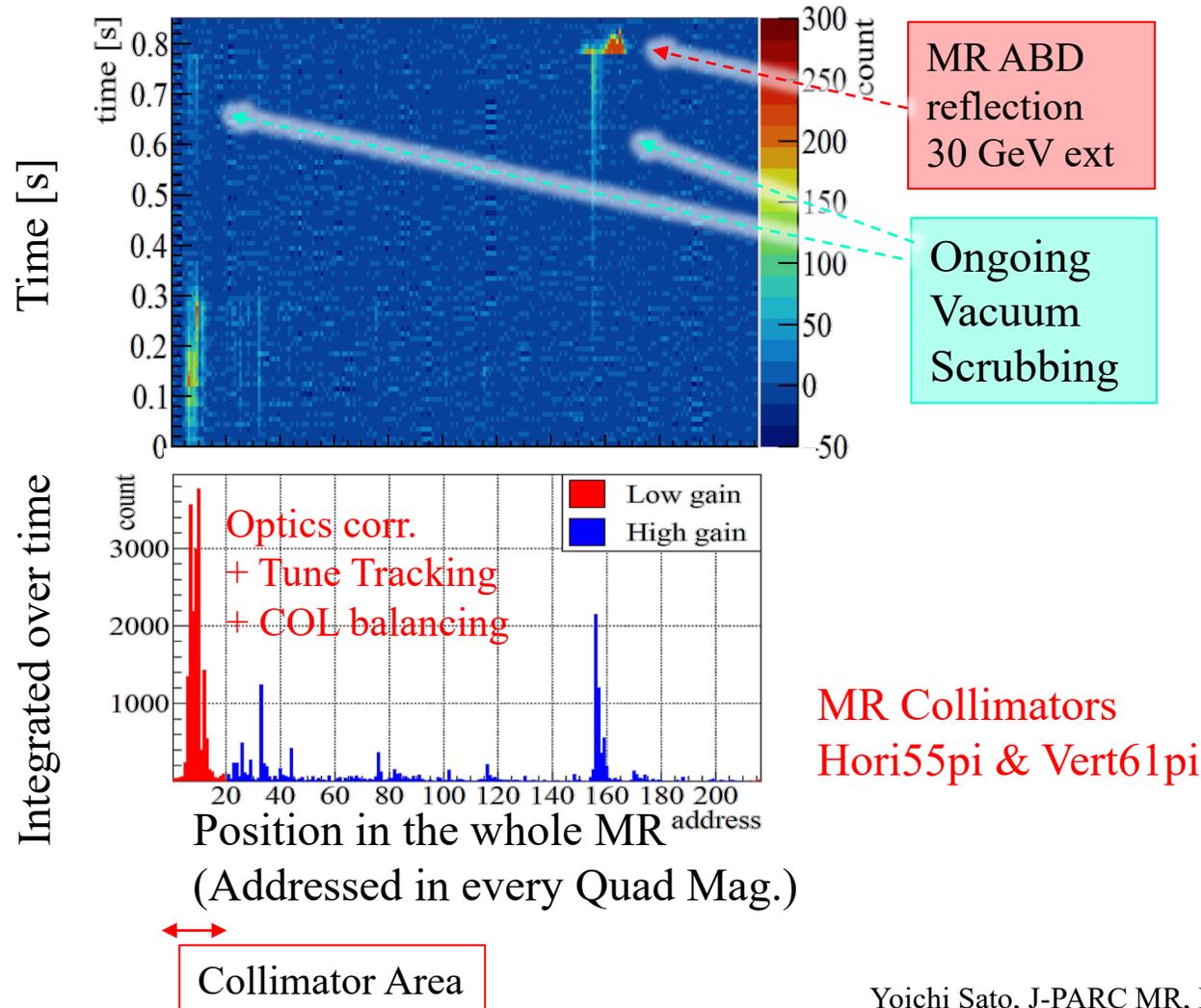
✓ **More Effective Halo Cut**



➔ **Better beam loss localization at collimator area**

# Beam loss localization of FX 766 kW eq.

Beam losses counts for FX 766 kW eq.



Besides

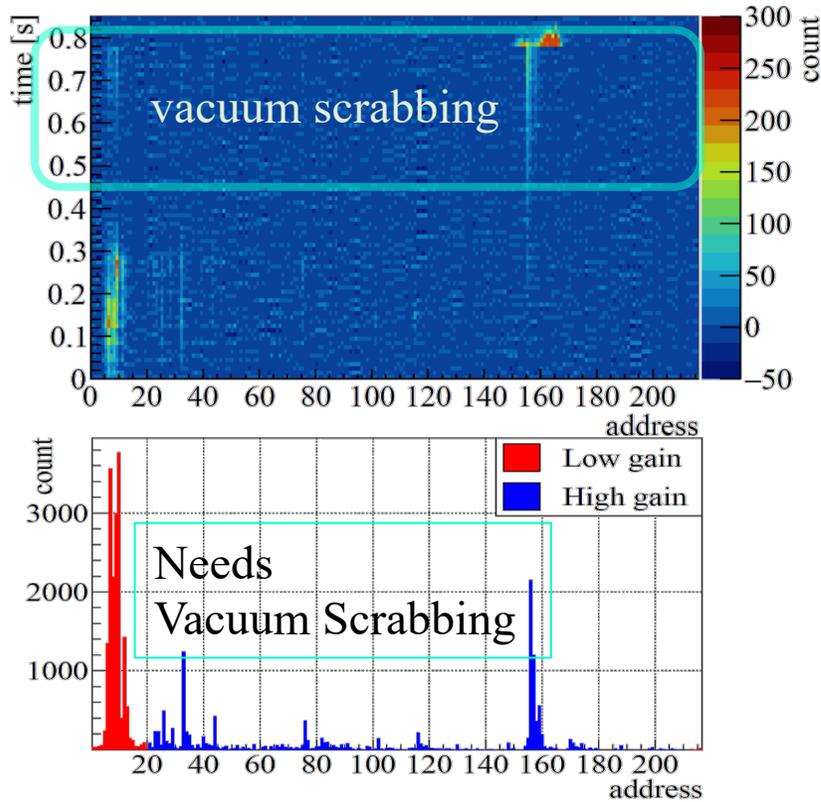
Optics correction,  
Tune tracking,  
Collimator balancing was also performed.

Beam losses are well localized  
at **collimator area**  
except for outgassing chambers.

We are on the way of vacuum scrubbing.

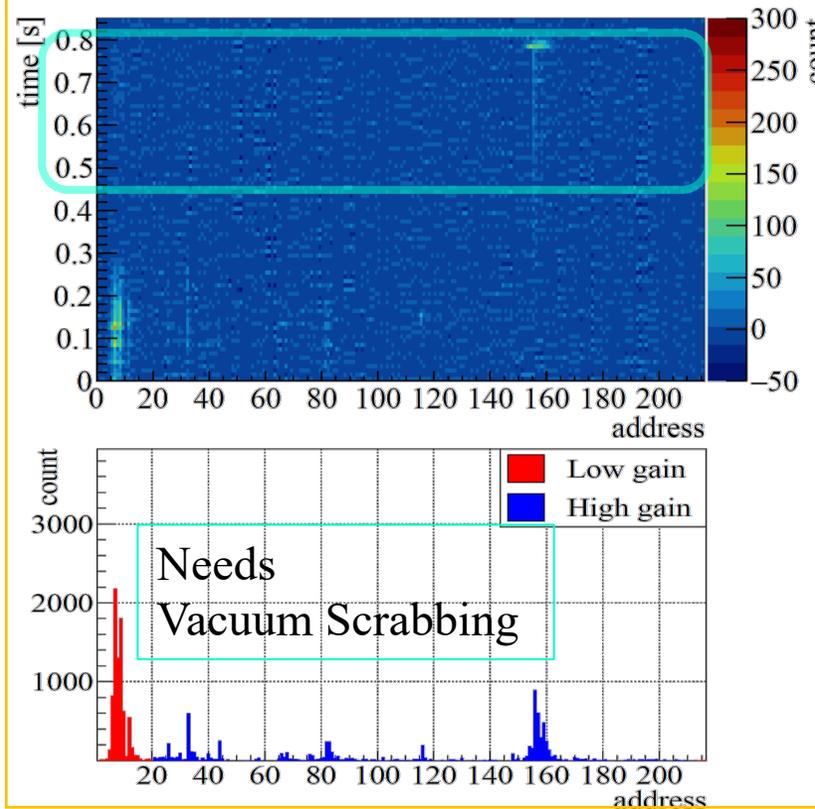
# Beam loss localization after vacuum scrubbing

MR766 kW eq. with loss 840 W eq.



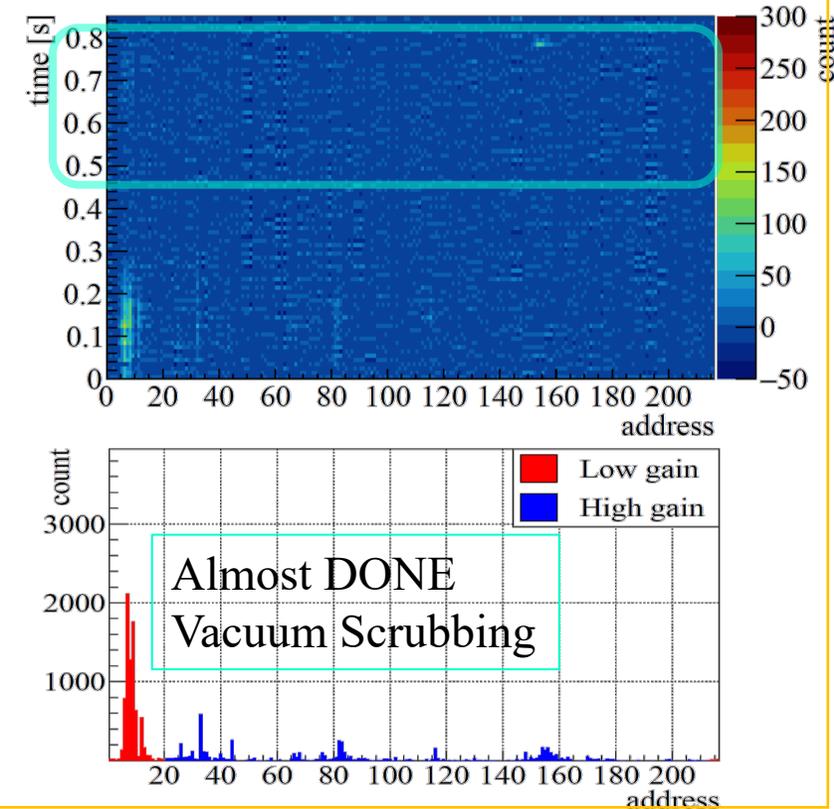
Nu 535 kW with loss 400 W

After 1-hour-vacuum-scrubbing



Nu 535 kW with loss 350 W

After 21-hour-vacuum-scrubbing



Beam loss localization was improved after vacuum scrubbing.

We are going to perform vacuum scrubbing for **750 kW in Nu Operation this Fall.** 22

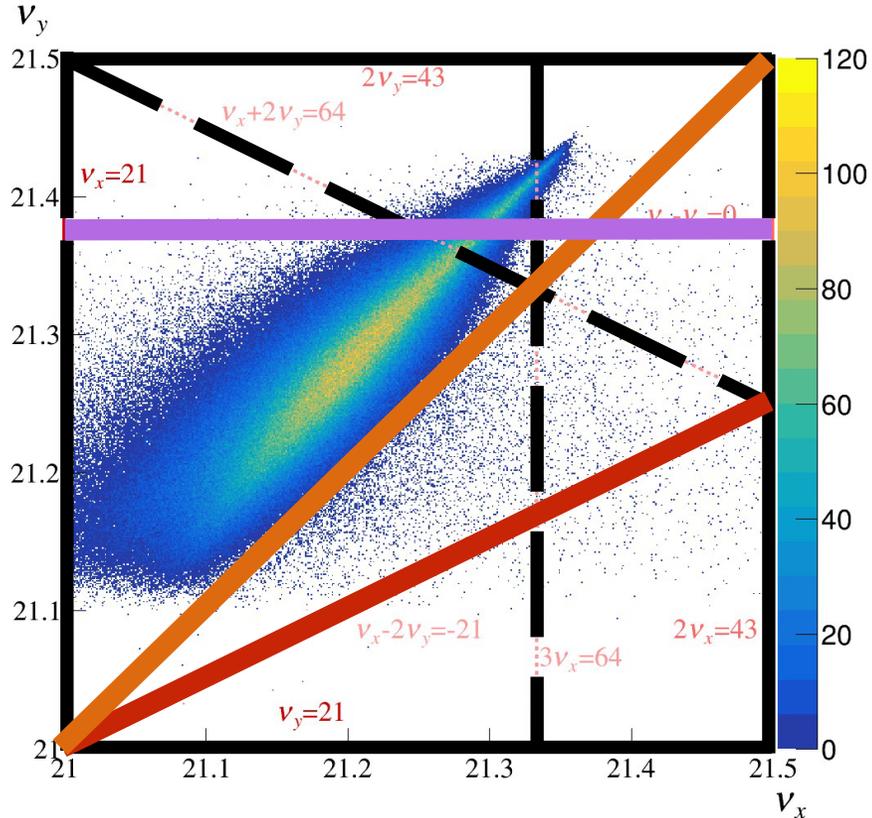
# Future Plans

- New Beam Optics for FX operation
- Upgrade Plan of Correction Magnet System

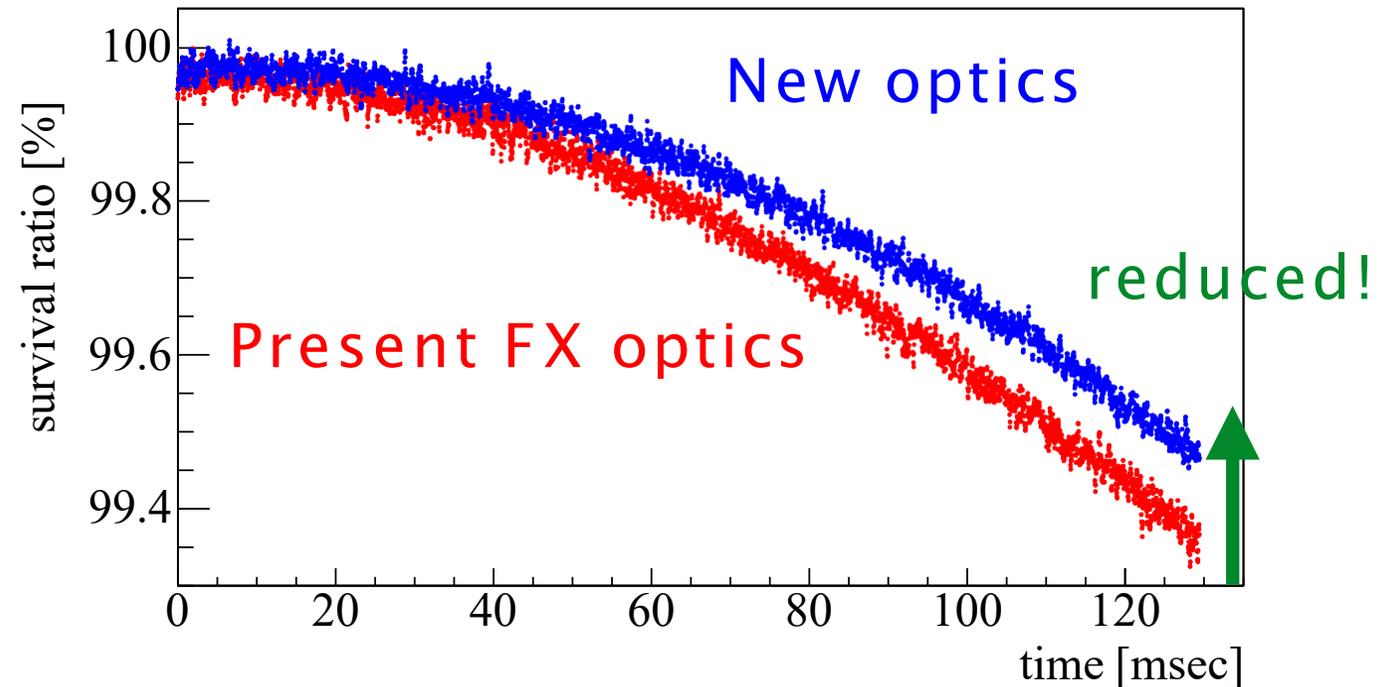
# New Beam Optics for FX operation

New beam optics controlling vertical phase advances in Arcs can compensate/weaken some resonances.

T. Yasui et al., PTEP 2022, 013G01 (2022)



Beam survival ratio (measured by DCCT)



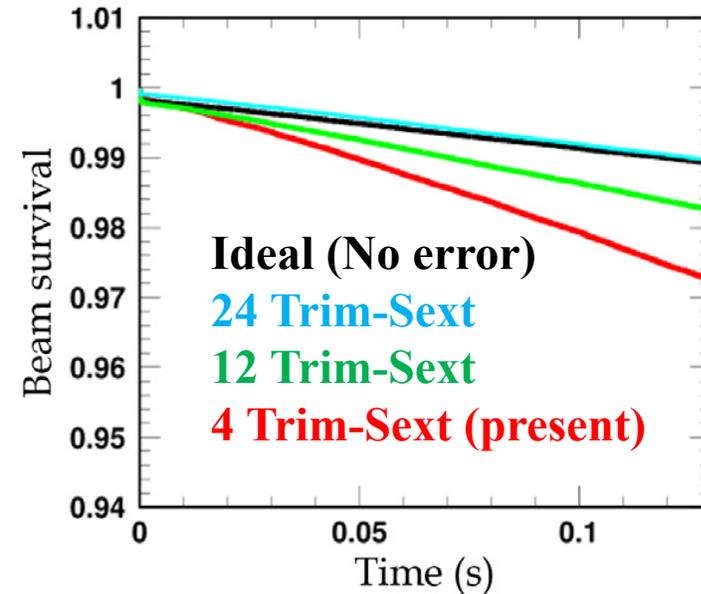
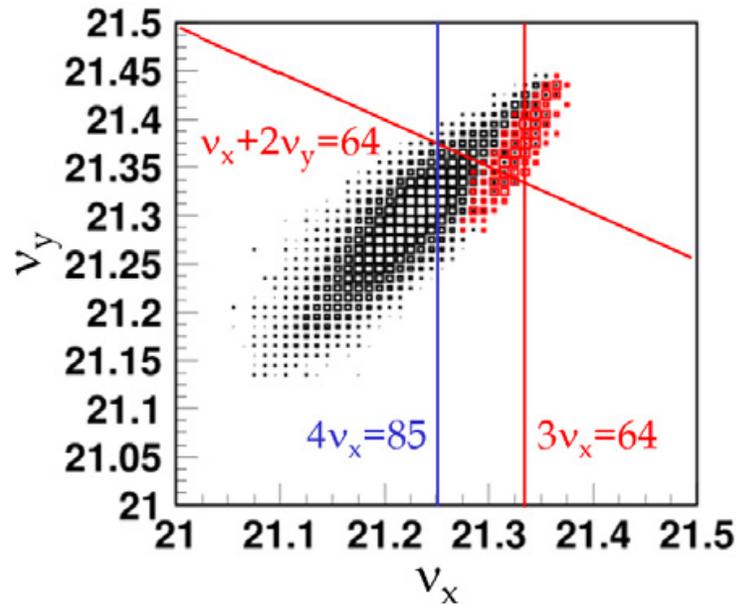
More Details are to be discussed in T. Yasui's talk (on Wednesday)  
 "Space charge induced resonances and suppression in J-PARC MR"  
 11 Oct 2023, 11:35 - 11:55, 500/1-001 - Main Auditorium (CERN)

# Upgrade Plan of Correction Magnet System

- ✓ Two 3<sup>rd</sup> resonance lines ( $3\nu_x = 64$ ,  $\nu_x + 2\nu_y = 64$ ) are corrected by 4 Trim-Coils on Sexupoles
- ✓ Tracking simulations suggest that upgrade to 24 Trim-Coils on Sextupoles suppresses the effect of the resonances to **off-momentum particles** and provides significant beam loss reduction.
- ✓ We are going to increase Trim-Coils on Sextupoles in stages, finally adding up to 24 units

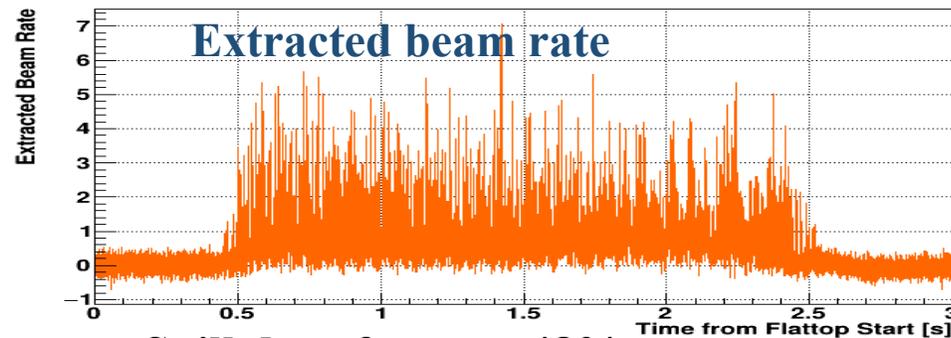
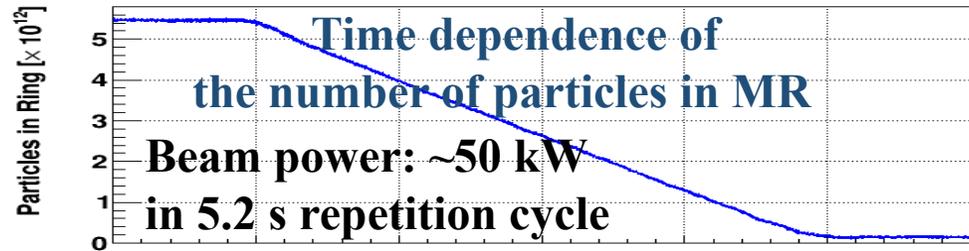
Tracking simulations  
( $4.1 \times 10^{13}$  ppb)

H. Hotchi, et. al.  
TUPM055 IPAC'23



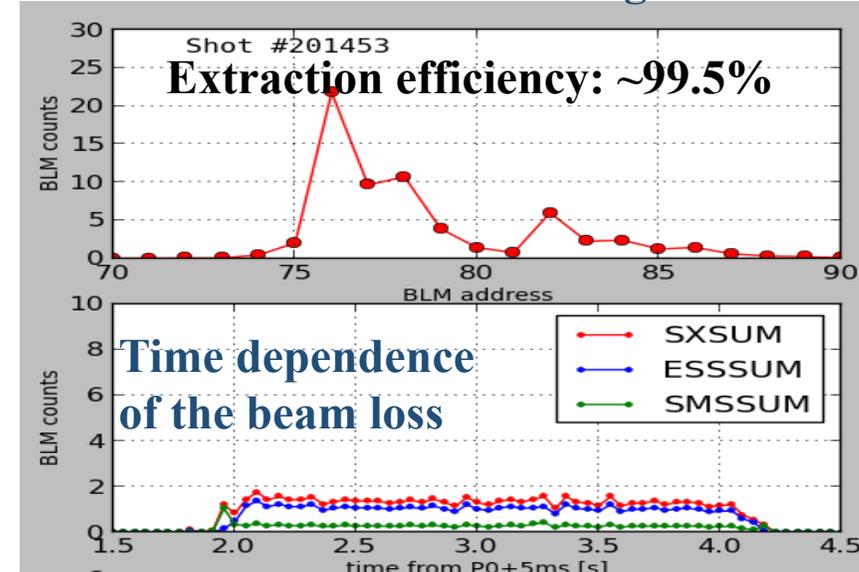
# Slow Extraction

- ✓ SX 8 GeV/COMET phase- $\alpha$  ( $\sim 240$  W in 9.6 cycle) with improved duty factor 76% (62% in 2021)
- ✓ SX 30GeV/HD in 5.2 s cycle upto 50 kW with reproducing 99.5 % extraction efficiency



**Spill duty factor:  $\sim 48\%$**   
 (53% in 2021 51kW operation)

## Beam loss distribution in SX straight section



**The extraction efficiency of 99.5% was well reproduced as before the main power supply upgrade**

- ✓ BM-PS commissioning will be completed by Fall 2023.
- ✓ SX/HD 30GeV is going to achieve 80 kW in faster repetition cycle (4.24 s cycle).
- ✓ To aim  $> 100$  kW, diffuser system is under development and demonstrated 99.7% extraction efficiency.

R. Muto  
 in Friday talk

# Summary

- ✓ **MR system has been upgraded for higher repetition cycle.**  
Main magnet PSs, RF system, Inj/FX systems, Collimator system
- ✓ **Initial commissioning were performed after 2021-2022 upgrades.**  
FX/NU 30GeV in 1.36s cycle has been performed.  
766 kW eq. beam was demonstrated with reasonable beam losses.  
SX Tunings were performed  
for COMET phase  $\alpha$  (8GeV in  $4.8\text{s} \times 2$  cycle) with improved duty factor  
for HD (30GeV in 5.2 s cycle) upto 50 kW with reproducing 99.5 % ext. efficiency
- ✓ **In JFY2023, we are aiming Nu 750 kW and HD 65~80 kW**  
BM-PS commissioning will be completed by Fall 2023.
- ✓ **Additional upgrades are planned for > 1 MW beam faster**  
to achieve better beam optics.